The AstraLux large M-dwarf survey: preparation for surveys for Exo-Earths around low-mass stars

AstraLux Norte & Sur: Electron Multiplication-CCD cameras for Lucky Imaging at CAHA 2.2m and ESO/NTT 3.5m telescopes



People involved at MPIA:

Carolina Bergfors, Markus Janson (now IAS Princeton), Felix Hormuth, Natalia Kudryavtseva, Taisiya Kopytova, Wolfgang Brandner, Thomas Henning, Stefan Hippler

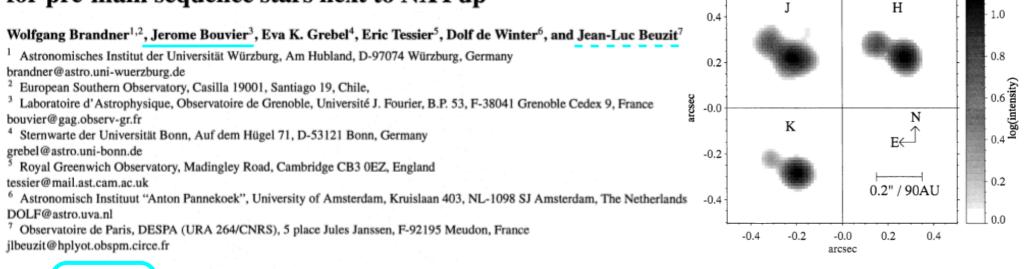
First a historical note...

Astron. Astrophys. 298, 818-826 (1995)

ASTRONOMY AND ASTROPHYSICS

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Low-mass star formation in CG1: a diffraction limited search for pre-main sequence stars next to NX Pup*



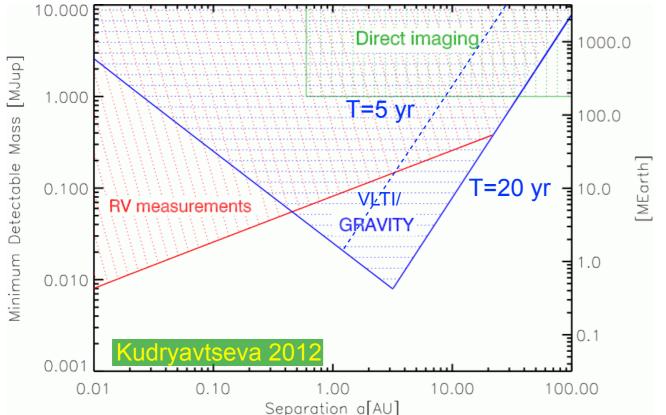
Received 25 October 1994 Accepted 22 November 1994

=> ComeOn+ Adaptive Optics observations of the 128mas Herbig AeBe binary NX Pup (Gum Nebula)

Motivation for Lucky Imaging characterization of M-dwarfs

Exoplanet surveys with <u>indirect detection methods</u>: <u>lower mass</u> <u>exoplanets</u> can more "easily" be identified around low-mass stars

<u>Mass-ratio</u>: stellar orbit around common center of mass (RV, e.g., SPIRou, CARMENES, ... -> talks by Xavier Bonfils, Andreas Quirrenbach, Astrometry, e.g., PRIMA, GRAVITY, NEAT,... -> talks by Neil Zimmerman, Fabien Malbet)



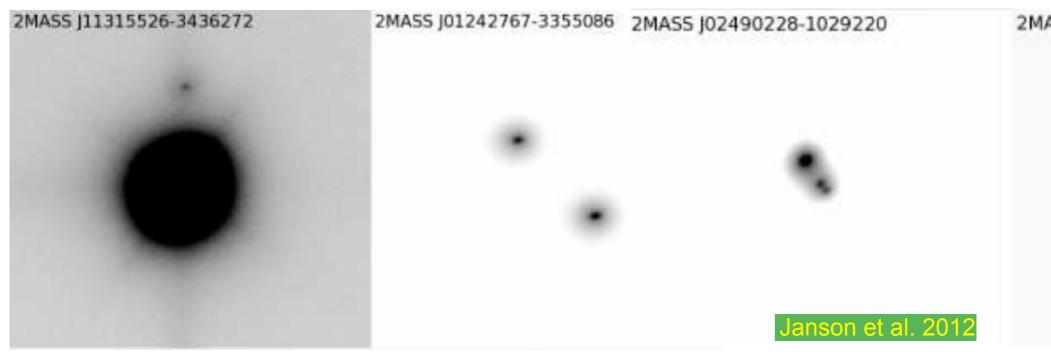
Blue area: parameter space for exoplanet detection with VLTI/GRAVITY for an M7.5V primary at 6 pc (right boarder for 20 year monitoring)

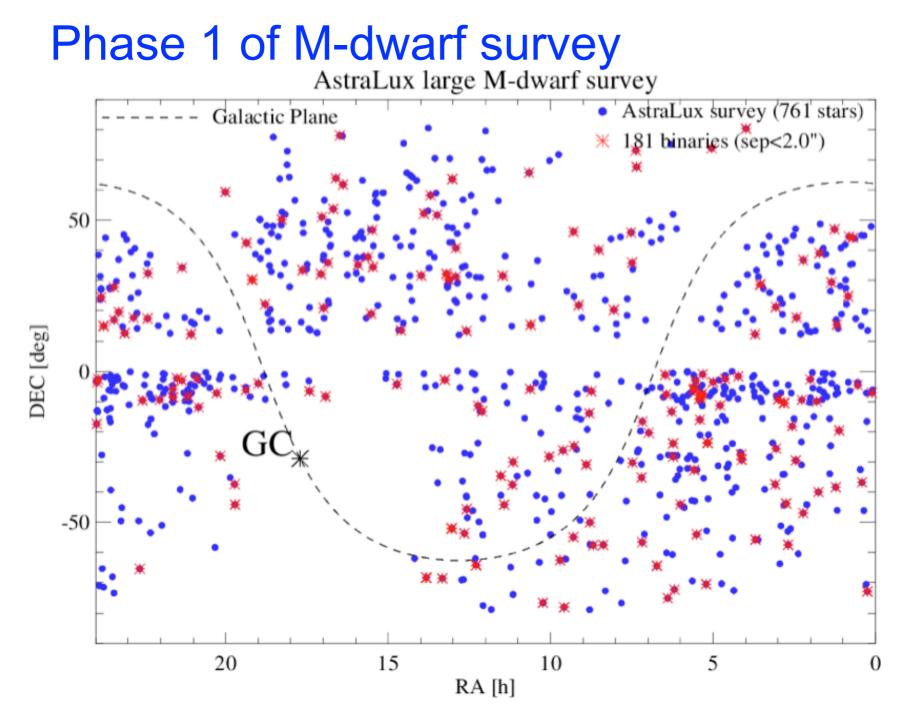
> Solar neighbourhood: ~65 stars M5V or later within 7 pc

Phase 1 of M-dwarf survey

<u>701 M-dwarfs (M0 to M5) and 60 late-K-dwarfs</u> have been <u>surveyed</u> with AstraLux Norte and Sur at 0.1 arcsec resolution for stellar companions (15 observing nights each at CAHA 2.2m and ESO NTT)

=> <u>largest M-dwarf binary survey to date</u> (see Bergfors et al. 2010, A&A, 518, 567; Janson et al. 2012, ApJ 754,44)

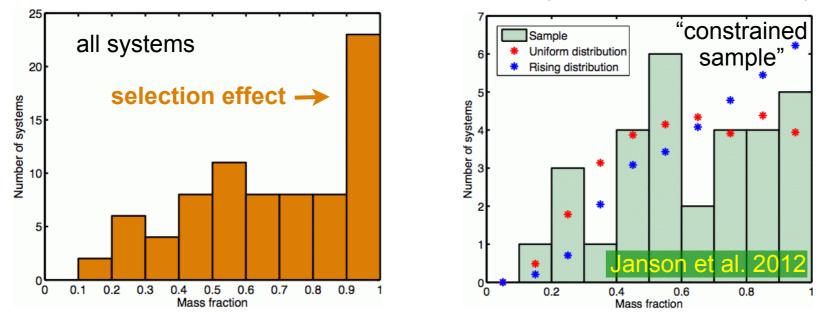




Wolfgang Brandner (MPIA) AstraLux M-dwarf survey: towards Exo-Earths around low-mass stars, Grenoble, 8.-9. Oct 2012

Scientific results of large M-dwarf survey

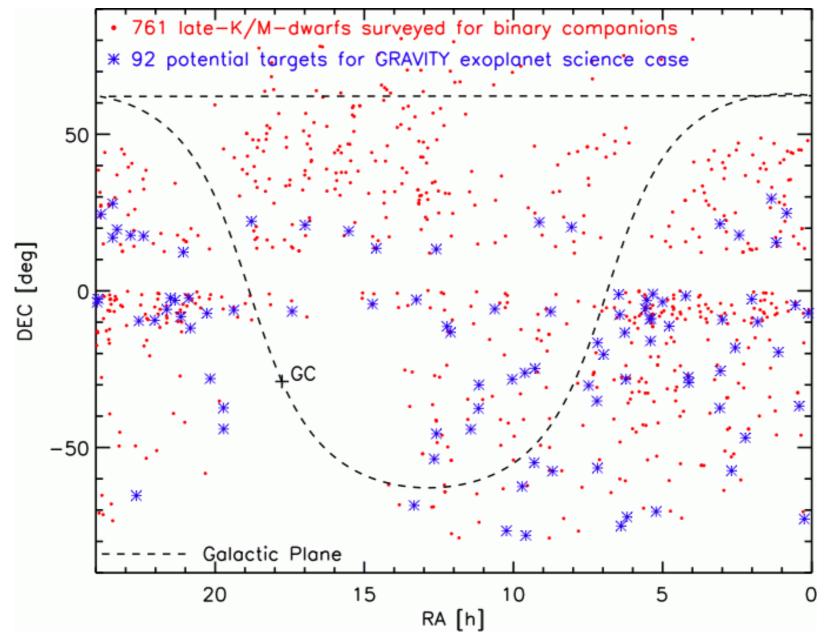
- <u>Multiplicity fraction of M-dwarfs: 27±3%</u> (intermediate between G-dwarfs and brown dwarfs)
- After correction for selection effects <u>uniform distribution of mass-</u> <u>ratios</u> is best fit <=> unlike brown dwarfs (preference of q≤1)



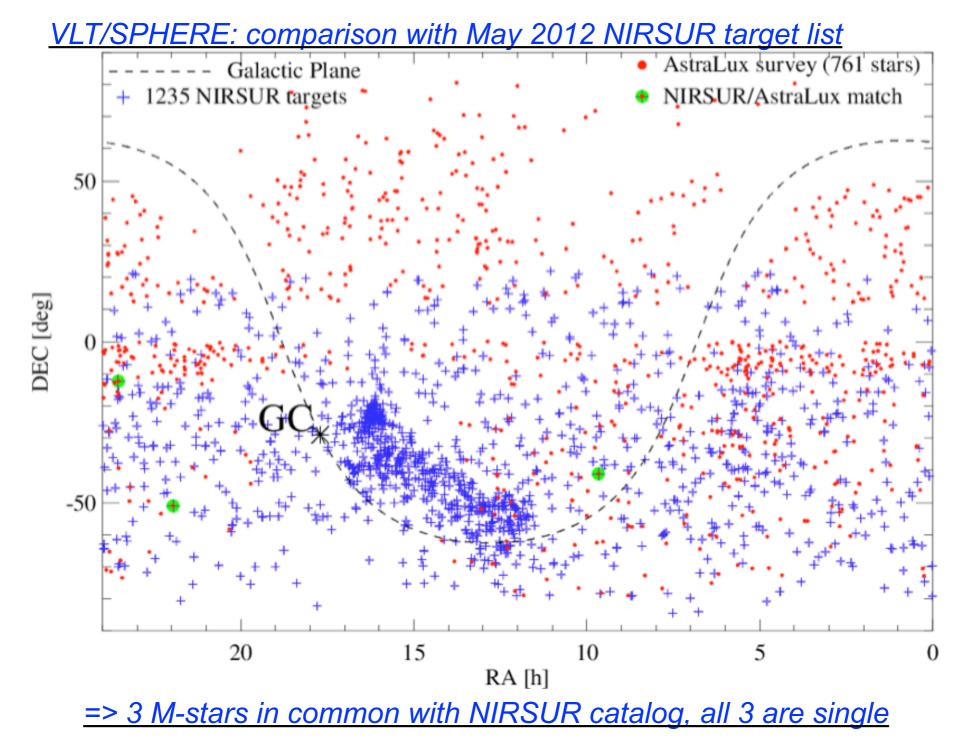
=> no clear evidence for different formation modes between "stars" and "brown dwarfs" as proposed by Thies&Kroupa (2007)

<=> need to extend survey to M5V to M7V primaries for final answer

<u>VLTI/GRAVITY: 92 binary targets</u> suitable for <u>astrometric search</u> for planets (Kudryavtseva, PhD thesis)



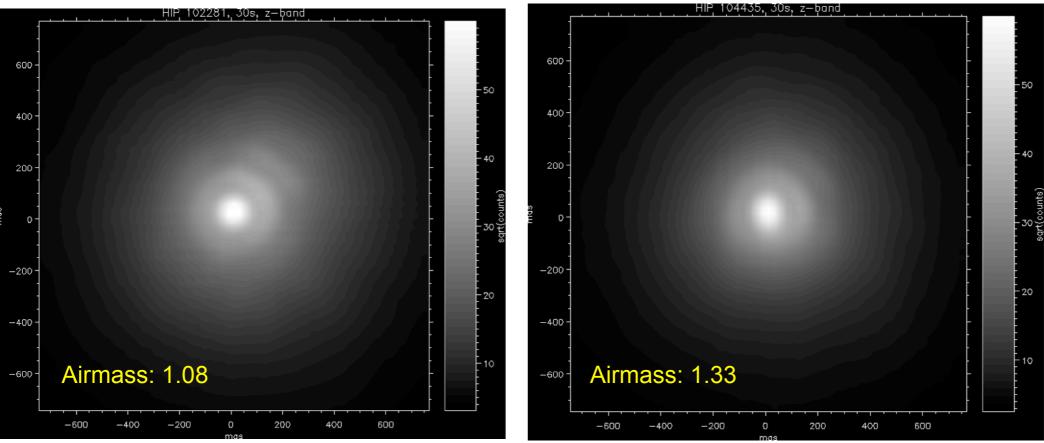
Wolfgang Brandner (MPIA) AstraLux M-dwarf survey: towards Exo-Earths around low-mass stars, Grenoble, 8.-9. Oct 2012



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Characterisation of ~350 SPHERE/NIRSUR targets with AstraLux

<u>1st results from Aug/Sep 2012 (AstraLux Norte), part of PhD</u> studies by Taisiya Kopytova



z-band: 10 000 frames with 30ms each: 10% image selection:
=> inner two Airy rings (partially) recovered
=> diffraction limited core on extended seeing halo

Outlook: Ongoing AstraLux projects

Phase 2 of M-dwarf survey

• Survey of ~200 M5 to M7 stars within ~20 pc for stellar companions at separations ≥100 mas started in 2012,

~50% complete (Bergfors et al., in prep)

Characterization of SPHERE NIRSUR targets

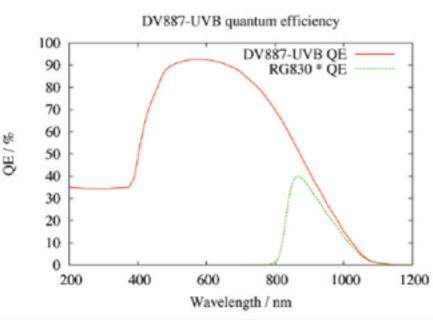
• Survey of ~350 potential SPHERE targets still lacking high-angular resolution imaging, started in 2012

• ~15% complete, i.e. 50 targets observed

Cooperation with CARMENES on M-dwarfs

• informal collaboration with Jose Caballero, Miriam Cortés-Contreras (CAB Madrid)





Commercial camera DV887-UVB from Andor Technologies:

- Back illuminated, QE>90% at 600nm and 40% at 900nm
- 512x512 pixels, 16 μ m pixel size
- Peltier cooling down to -75°C, no LN₂ necessary
- Up to 34Hz frame rate with full FOV, or several 100Hz using subarrays
- Shortest exposure time is $20 \mu s$
- EM- and conventional amplifier
- Adjustable EM-Gain, readout clock and voltages